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ADAMS SMOKED OUT--ANOTHER PRE-DICTION COMES TRUE.

The Washington correspondent of the News and Observer, in comment upon Judge Adams' belated declaration for Judge Taft and in discussing who was the original Taft man in North Carolina, says:

"That distinction belongs to ex-Senator Marion Butler. It will be recalled that the former Populist leader gave out an interview some twelve months ago, in which he charged that Adams was in a conspiracy to defeat the renomination of Mr. Roosevelt or the candidates who stood for his policies. At that time Mr. Butler gave public announcement of his support to the Secretary of War."

The correspondent of that paper is not accurate when he says that Senator Butler made charges in that interview against Judge Adams by name. What he did say was that there were evidences that a number of prominent Republican leaders in the South, including North Carolina, were in a conspiracy to defeat the renomination of the President or the nomination of a man in whom the President had confidence to carry out his policies. That this prediction was correct has been amply proven by subsequent events. It was the discovery that such a condition existed that caused the President to make two recent announcements--first, the one declaring against Federal office-holders going as delegates to the national convention, and the second, positively declaring that he would not again be a candidate himself.

It is true, however, that Judge Adams, when that interview was published, got excited and came out in an interview protesting and denying the charge, and thereby admitting that the charge was directed at him. Indeed, his conduct was a virtual admission of the truth charged against him. Why Judge Adams should have thought that the general statement contained in Senator Butler's interview was directed to him any more than other prominent Republicans should take it to themselves caused great surprise at the time, but probably no one in the State who has watched Judge Adams' conduct since now doubts that his action at that time was a confession of guilt.

His every movement for the last six months or a year has shown that he was not true to the administration. The men who owe their positions to him have been known to be against Judge Taft. Mr. Douglas was removed as editor of the Daily Industrial News, primarily, because he was a Taft man.

After the President's second announcement did the paper support Judge Taft? No. But in an editorial inspired by Judge Adams, or at least endorsed by him, the paper declared that now was the time for Southern Republicans not to commit themselves for any candidate for President, but to stand off until they made the best trade for all.

has only been within the last few days that the paper and Judge Adams have been forced out to take a position for Judge Taft. Senator Butler in his reply to Adams' attack on him, May 12th, 1907, said that when Adams found out that Judge Taft would be nominated for President, in spite of his treacherous opposition, that then he would make haste to get on the Taft band wagon, and swear that he had always been a Taft man. That transparent political fraud has just performed that stunt.

Men who have pursued this course will bear watching now and in the future. They are just as dishonest as their limited mental capacity enables them to be.

Is the Industrial News still in favor of Southern Republicans refusing to say who they are for for President until they can find who will make the best trade with them? That astonishing position was taken by that paper in a leading editorial recently, and we have not noticed that it has been withdrawn.

THE EXTRA SESSION AND FREIGHT AND PASSENGER RATES.

Governor Glenn has called the legislature together in extra session to increase the passenger rate (according to his agreement with the railroads) to a figure higher than that fixed by the last legislature. As we understand the agreement, the man who is able to buy a large mileage book would be given a two-cent rate--the man who is able to buy a small mileage book will be given a two and a quarter cent rate--but the average man who cannot afford to buy a mileage book, (and this will apply to ninety people out of a hundred, if not more,) will be required to pay two and a half cents a mile when they ride.

This discrimination is not fair. The man who rides one mile should not be discriminated against any more than the man who buys one postage stamp. If the railroads can afford to carry part of the people at two cents a mile, then it can afford to carry all the people at two cents a mile; but if the rate of two cents a mile is too low, then a rate that is fair and just, whatever it is, should be fixed for all alike; certainly two and a half cents is too high, or the railroads would not be willing to haul anyone for less.

Is the average man to be forced to pay a high rate in order that the specially favored class may ride on a rate that is too low?

We trust the legislature, while in session, will not overlook the greater and much more important question of freight rates. Freight rates are not only higher in proportion than passenger rates, but there is even a greater discrimination practiced, and it is of the greatest importance that such discriminations be broken up.

INCREASE IN CRIMES.

The following from the Charlotte Chronicle, democratic, tells of a situation in this State under democratic rule which has not yet been explained. The Chronicle says:

"It is a matter of common knowledge that the Courts in the State are far behind on their dockets and that in almost every County important litigation is held up for lack of attention, and this lack of attention is brought about by an insufficient supply of judges to give the Courts the proper attention. One new judge to take the place of a judge that might be sick and unable to hold his stated term of Court is an absolute necessity. A judge acting for the State at large would do much to relieve the pressure and the extra session of the legislature could do the judicial interests of the State a good turn by appointing this extra judge. The necessity is apparent to all familiar with the condition of the Court dockets, and it is hoped that advantage will be taken of the extra session to supply this much needed want."

That nearly all the Court dockets are crowded is a fact--but why? Aycock, in his inaugural address in January, 1901, said that under Fusion rule "Lawlessness walked the State like a pestilence and the sound of the pistol was more frequent than the song of the mocking bird." He meant to infer that Fusion rule had caused lawlessness and murder. Suppose that the Fusionists were responsible for the comparatively few crimes committed in this State during their rule, then would it not hold good that Democratic rule is held responsible for the great increase in crimes in this State since Educational Charlie was inaugurated in 1901? Since that time two new judgeships have been created and yet they are unable to mete out justice as fast as the crimes are committed under "Democratic good government," and are now asking for still another judge! What is the matter? Is it possible that we are becoming more barbarous, while the State is paying out thousands and thousands of dollars more each year in the name of education? Is it possible that the lawless red-shirt element of '98 and 1900, who knew no law in those days, are still of the opinion that laws were not meant to be obeyed? Will some Democratic prophet please explain the situation? In the meantime, Aycock might amend his declaration of 1901.

If the Democrats have been for prohibition all along, as they now claim, why was it that when a Republican member of the legislature in 1905 introduced a bill in the House for State prohibition that nearly every Democratic member on the floor voted against the bill?

One reason why the Democrats do not quarrel over issues is because they haven't any.

WHEN THE CHICKENS COME HOME TO ROOST.

Several of the Democratic papers of the State say that it would be unwise, undemocratic and unjust for the extra session of the legislature to pass a law for State prohibition, that it would be a blow at local self-government as enunciated in the Democratic platform. Without discussing the merits or demerits of the prohibition question, we would like to ask the Democratic papers that if they believe in local self-government why didn't they raise a protest when their legislators of 1905 and 1907 were appointing democratic tax collectors, democratic County Commissioners and democratic magistrates in Republican Counties against the wishes of the majority of the voters in those Counties? Wasn't such acts a blow at local self-government? These Democrats howl for local self-government only when the chickens come home to roost.

THE "PARAMOUNT" ISSUE.

An exchange desires to know what issue the democrats will make "paramount" this year.

Can't say for sure, just yet, but it won't be hard to find out. All that is needed in the way of an issue will be something that won't offend the rich financiers of the East or the very poor of the West; something that will gently strike at the negro in the South, and at the same time won't alienate the affections of the negro wing of the Tammany Democracy; something that will bring joy to the free-trade democrats and not disappoint the high-tariff democrats. A short simple declaration for pure milk in the South and the suppression of the "Black Hand Society" in the North, will fill the bill reasonably well.

Simmons has now declared for State prohibition. Evidently he thinks there is a tidal wave for prohibition in this State which his party could not check. When the Anti Saloon League first met in Raleigh Simmons was there and told them the democratic party was their friend and to place the matter in their hands. The real prohibitionists trusted the democratic party, with the result that they were given democratic dispensaries instead of prohibition. It is evident that Mr. Simmons now thinks that it is impossible to delay the matter much longer, so he has crawled on the band wagon.

It is well known in the State that Chairman Adams does not like Collector Brown, nor does he like District Attorney Holton or District Attorney Skinner. No one will deny that these officials are capable and efficient and that they do execute the law. They do not believe in compromising with criminals, but they try to bring them to justice. Is this the reason that Adams don't like them?

We predict that he will soon have the same complaint against Collector Martin.

Sunday's issue of the News and Observer contained several columns on the prohibition question, but still it said: "If passing State Prohibition by the extra session would result in a Democratic defeat this fall, State Prohibition ought to be postponed." That shows where the Democratic politicians stand on the liquor question. If prohibition will advance the cause of their party, then they are for prohibition; but if it will hurt their party then they are against prohibition. True prohibitionists should not put any faith in such pretended friends.

For the last year and more Adams and his patronage machine have been abusing Secretary Taft on account of his Greensboro speech. They have suddenly flopped, and now declare that they have always been for Taft. What made them flop?

The Winston Sentinel says there are 350 cases on the docket in Forsyth County. It was not that bad even under Fusion rule. Go tell the news to Aycock.

The legislature is with us, but just when or where it will leave us we are unable to say.

It's Hard Work.

Bacon--You must have to work hard to dress your wife like she dresses?

Egbert--Yes, I work hard. Did you ever try to button one of those dresses down the back?--Yonkers Statesman

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Some Squibs of Interest We Have Gathered With Our Paste-pot and Shears.

It looks to us like Gov. Glenn and the Southern Railroad have "fused."--Times Mercury.

The first thing the legislature should do is to find out how many members have a free railroad pass and a bottle of "blind tiger" in his pocket.--Hickory Mercury.

This fusion legislature may pass a prohibition law. Guess they have found out that this little thing of selling liquor under "police protection" was a suggestion of the devil to fool the folks with.--Times Mercury.

The Wall street gamblers may as well give up the fight and loosen up the financial situation and let the price of cotton go on up to 15 cents. This is what the farmers' union men say they are going to have for the 4,500,000 bales they have stored in the warehouses. When farmers learn well what their real strength is, and then act upon that knowledge in organized force, there will be a great revolution towards better agricultural conditions in this country.--Our Home.

As a matter of interest the extra session of the legislature just called is the second in the history of the State, and strange as it seems it was regarding railroad matters and pertained to the sale of the Western North Carolina Railroad. It was in 1879 and when Gov. Jarvis, who called the legislature together, telegraphed the late Senator Vance, at Washington, that he had a purchaser in the person of W. J. Best, of New York, Senator Vance replied, "Don't let him get away."--Union Republican.

The State printing now cost \$50,000, almost as much now as the entire State government did years ago. When Stewart Bros., of this city, were State Printers the Raleigh crowd raised a great cry at the cost of this department and even alleged excess in the cost, and as suit was instituted which finally were itself out in the courts after the democrats were returned to power and the printing returned to Raleigh. Now you hear no more about this matter and the bills are paid without the least grumbling or question. If the Messrs. Stewart Bros., would furnish us with the comparative cost then and now, it would prove quite interesting.--Union Republican.

The Extra Session a Political Move. [Wilmington Messenger.]

As the time approaches for the convening of the extra session of the legislature the more interest the people take in what will be the results of that session. Present indications are that it will be a rather exciting session. Information reaches us that some members will oppose any legislative action in the way of endorsing the governor's proposed compromise measures on the ground that the best way to settle the controversy is to let the courts of last resort pass upon the questions in dispute.

It may be that the governor's proposals of compromise will go through with only slight opposition, and on the other hand, it is possible that there may arise serious opposition to his proposals. No one can tell now what will happen at that extra session. Gov. Glenn was groping in the dark when he made up his mind to convene the legislature at this time. What the result of his political move will be he does not know, and no one else can predict with any certainty. There is only thing certain about in the opinion of those who have closely followed the trend of political events in this State since 1904, and that is that it is a political movement, pure and simple, but there are chances that it will act as a boomerang instead of a SENATORIAL BOOM FOR THE GOVERNOR. As the Charlotte Chronicle says, the people are not being led by a string in the nose this year. They can see through a millstone when there is such a big hole in the middle of it as is the case with the one some folks are now using in their political grist mill.

Subscribers to Weekly Newspapers. [Lexington North State.]

The Postoffice Department has issued an order making it illegal for a weekly newspaper to mail papers at the second class rate to subscribers who are behind on their subscriptions for more than a year. To continue sending a paper to the subscriber who is over a year behind means that we will have to pay additional postage on that subscriber's paper, which would make it unprofitable to us to continue such subscription. However, this is a matter over which we have no control. The Department has decreed that weekly newspapers which send their papers to any subscriber after April 1, 1908, when such subscriber is over one year behind on his subscription, shall pay additional postage on the same.

EXTRA SESSION MET MONDAY.

Legislature Will Pass New Railroad Rate Law--To Vote on Prohibition--Other Bills Will Be Introduced.

The extra session of the legislature met in Raleigh Tuesday at noon. The Governor's message was read and both houses adjourned until Wednesday. The Governor recommended that the railroad rate be changed from 2 1/2 to 2 1/4 cents per mile. The Seaboard has petitioned the legislature to make it three cents per mile, and if the prohibition question was considered that such a law be passed. He also recommended that a law be passed creating a new judgeship.

The Democratic caucus on Tuesday night considered the prohibition question and decided to make provisions for the people to vote on the question of State prohibition. A mass meeting of many prohibitionists from all over the State was held in the Academy of Music Tuesday afternoon, and there was much enthusiasm. They petitioned the legislature to pass a prohibition law at this session, but the democratic members were afraid of it and decided to leave it to a vote of the people. Many minor bills will be introduced, and it is possible that the legislature will be in session for several days.

STATE NEWS.

The fourth annual session of the State Cotton Growers Association met in Charlotte this week.

Near Greensboro Saturday afternoon Ella Clapp shot and instantly killed her sister. The shooting was accidental.

Monday was General Lee's birthday and was generally observed as a holiday throughout the State.

Mr. William T. Dortch, of Goldsboro, is now being mentioned as a probable candidate for the democratic nomination for Governor.

Person County has no representative in the House of Representatives this week. Mr. Whitte, the Republican member, has been appointed postmaster at Roxboro since the last session adjourned, and resigned his seat in the legislature.

Judge Pritchard has appointed E. C. Duncan, formerly Collector of Internal Revenue of this district, a receiver of the Seaboard Air Line, and Mr. Wheeler Martin, of Williamsboro, has been appointed Collector to succeed Mr. Duncan.

Mr. J. L. Eagles, proprietor of the Eagles' Drug Company of Charlotte, was tried in that city Friday on four charges of liquor selling and was bound over to Court under bond in the sum of \$400. Charlotte is supposed to be a very dry town, and drug store and blind tigers are the only resorts for those who become exceedingly "dry."

Will Petition for State Prohibition.

The Anti-Saloon League will petition the extra session of the Legislature to pass a law for prohibition for the entire State. Mr. R. L. Davis, the State Organizer, opened headquarters in this city several days ago and has been busy at work ever since preparing to present as strong a petition as possible this week.

NEGRO FOUND CAN OF MONEY.

A High Point Barber Uncovers a Can of Gold and Silver, About \$300.

A tin can full of gold and silver, supposed to have been buried during the civil war, was unearthed at High Point on the 13th inst. by a negro barber by the name of George Rouse. While walking down the railroad track in front of the Globe Home furniture factory, his coat was caught by an iron rod driven down in the ground. This excited his curiosity, and pulling at the dirt caved in around it, exposing to view a tin can which proved to be filled with gold and silver to the amount of \$300. The tin can was so rusty that a good portion of it had rotted away. Whether it was hid during the war or later by thieves, it is not probable that any one will claim it, and the negro is overjoyed at his find. It is known for a certainty that big sums of money were hid here during the civil war and at different times people from other States have come to look it up, but to no avail. Twelve wagon loads of copper were hauled from the depot here in the early morning hours of February, 1864, and buried 300 yards north of the depot. Some time ago two gentlemen from Mississippi who helped to bury the copper wire were here, but could not locate it. It is worth at least \$10,000 today if it could be found.

\$400 in Gold a Day.

It is learned that Capt. M. L. Jones is getting out his mine every day \$400 worth of pure gold. He is doubling the capacity of his mine by installing twenty more head of stamps, and when he gets the work done he hopes to mine out \$1,000 a day. That is one of the richest and most successful gold mines in the United States.--Thomasville, N. C. Item.

A CARD.

Postmaster Reynolds, of Winston, Makes a Statement Regarding the Recent Postal Ruling.

To the Public: There has been some intimation to me that the action of the newspapers in cutting off their subscribers who have not paid up was due to the papers themselves. This is not so at all. This is done under a ruling of the Postoffice Department which classes the patron of a newspaper who does not pay as not a legitimate subscriber is therefore not entitled to the use of the mails.

The newspapers have no hand in this ruling, so far as I know. All they have to do is to obey and the general public should at once come to their newspapers' assistance by paying up all past dues, for unless they do, their papers must be discontinued after April 1st.

C. A. REYNOLDS, Postmaster.

Nearing the End.

Joe Lincoln, whose Cape Cod folks are well known characters, recently attended a lecture. When asked how he liked it, he related this little story:

A stranger entered a church in the middle of the sermon and seated himself in the back pew. After a while he began to fidget. Leaning over to the white haired man at his side, evidently an old member of the congregation, he whispered:

"How long has he been preaching?"

"Thirty or forty years, I think," the old man answered. "I don't know exactly."

"I'll stay then," decided the stranger. "He must be nearly done."--Everybody's Magazine.

A HIGHER HEALTH VELEL.

"I have reached a higher health level since I began using Dr. King's New Life Pills," writes Jacob Springer, of West Franklin, Maine. "They keep my stomach, liver and bowels working just right." If these pills disappoint you on trial, money will be refunded at drugstore. 25c.

"Men's interest in open work stockings never wanes," declares Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

RANK FOOLISHNESS.

"When attacked by a cough or a cold, or when your throat is sore, it is rank foolishness to take any other medicine than Dr. King's New Discovery," says C. O. Eldridge, of Empire, Ga. "I have used New Discovery seven years and I know it is the best remedy on earth for coughs and colds, croup, and all throat and lung troubles. My children are subject to croup, but New Discovery quickly cures every attack." Known the world over as the King of throat and lung remedies. Sold under guarantee by all druggists. 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

To your gun give a good name and a trade.--Spanish.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth

Be sure and use that old and well-titled remedy, Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906. Serial Number 1098.

Honor Made it Easy.

A Georgia paper says: "He who rides on the railroad courts death." It was an Irishman, ridden on a rail, who said that "except for the honor of the thing he would just as soon walk."--Houston Post.

A NOTRE DAME LADY'S APPEAL.

To all knowing sufferers of rheumatism, whether muscular or of the joints, sciatica, lumbago, backache, pains in the kidneys or nervous system, to write to her for a home remedy, which has repeatedly cured all of these troubles. She feels it her duty to send it to all sufferers FREE. You cure yourself at home as thousands will testify--no changes of climate being necessary. This simple discovery banishes pain and restores the blood, loosens the stiffened joints, gives elasticity and tone to the whole system. If the above interests you, for proof address: Mrs. M. Summers, Box 8, Notre Dame, Ind.

ISN'T THIS A BARGAIN?

If you wish some good reading matter at absurdly low prices read the following offer:

THE CAUCASIAN, price \$1.00
Spare Moments, Monthly. .50
The Mothers' Magazine, Monthly. .50
Dress Making at Home, Magazine. .50
Total subscription value, \$2.50
But our price to you all to one ad dress is only \$1.25
Which is less than the cost of the three magazines alone.

Address THE CAUCASIAN, Raleigh, N. C.

"Judge," said the colored prisoner, "is I expected to tell the truth?" "Why, of course you are." "Well, then, des go ahead an' sentence me fust!"--Atlanta Constitution.

Fools and rascals are merely people who are found out.

THE CAUCASIAN

AND

The Shelby Aurora.

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The Aurora is published at Shelby, N. C., and is one of the best Republican papers published in the State.

Either paper alone is one dollar per year. Subscribe now and save fifty cents on the two papers.

Address THE CAUCASIAN, Raleigh, N. C.

Ask your neighbor to subscribe for THE CAUCASIAN. He will enjoy the paper if he gets to reading it.

If the wise were all honest, the ignorant would at least learn how to be good.

The CAUCASIAN is only one dollar per year. Ask your neighbor to subscribe.

It's all right to take the world as you find it, but leave a little for the rest of us.

IT DOES THE BUSINESS.

Mr. E. E. Chamberlain, of Clinton, Maine, says of Bucklen's Arnica Salve: "It does the business; I have used it for piles and it cured them. Used it for chapped hands and it cured them. Applied it to an old sore and healed it without leaving a scar behind." 25c at all druggists.

"How we do change!" "Yes, yes," assented the Sioux Falls lady. "Years ago I married the man that I wouldn't invite to a musicale now."--Southern Times.

A CURE FOR MISERY.

"I have found a cure for the misery malaria poison produces," says E. M. James of Louellen, S. C. "It's called Electric Bitters, and comes in 50 cent bottles. It breaks up a case of chills or a bilious attack in almost no time; and it puts yellow jaundice clean out of commission." This great tonic medicine and blood purifier gives quick relief in all stomach, liver and kidney complaints and misery of lame back. Sold under guarantee at all druggists.

Where He Caught 'Em.

Mrs. Bacon--I see that nearly one-half of the fishes caught in the Indian Ocean belong to a species not heretofore described in any book.

Mrs. Egbert--That must be where my husband goes fishing.--Truth.

BACKACHE

"I wrote you for advice," writes Lelia Hagood, of Sylvia, Tenn., "about my terrible backache and monthly pains in my abdomen and shoulders. I had suffered this way nine years and five doctors had failed to relieve me. On your advice I took Wine of Cardui, which at once relieved my pains and now I am entirely cured. I am sure that Cardui saved my life."

It is a safe and reliable remedy for all female diseases, such as periodical pains, irregularity, dragging down sensations, headache, dizziness, backache, etc.

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